Name:						Date:		_ Period:			
Pre-Ca	lcu	lus Test #2 4 th Six W	Ms. Her	Ms. Hernandez							
			T	rigonometry Tes	st Re	eview_					
Part I:	Mu	ltiple choice. Write	the nu	mber of the corre	ect ch	noice on the line p	rovid	led.			
	1.	In which quadrant	does a								
		(1) I	(2)	II	(3)	III	(4)	IV			
	2.	Which angle is <i>not</i> coterminal with an angle that measures 300°?									
		(1) -420°	(2)	-300°	(3)	-60°	(4)	660°			
	3.	What is the referen	ce ang	ele for -512°?							
		(1) -208°	(2)	-28°	(3)	28°	(4)	280°			
	4. An angle of $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ radians lies in quadrant										
		(1) I 4	(2)	II	(3)	III	(4)	IV			
	_		5 0 ·	a a	1	C					
	5.	(1) $\cos 0^{\circ}$	(2)	sin 90°	(3)	tan 135°	(4)	sin 180°			
	6.	Express 330° in rac 5π	lian m	leasure. 5π		11π		11π			
		(1) $\frac{5\pi}{6}$	(2)	$\frac{2\pi}{3}$	(3)	$\frac{1}{6}$	(4)	$\frac{1}{4}$			

Part II: Basic Trigonometry. Find the value of *x*, the length of the side, or θ , the degree measure of the angle. Round answers to the nearest *hundredth*.





Part III: Coterminal Angles. For each angle in questions 11-13, find a coterminal angle that is between 0° and 360° .

11. 455° **12.** -160° **13.** 825°

Part IV: Unit Circle.

14. If $\sin\theta < 0$ and $\tan\theta > 0$, in which quadrant does θ lie?

15. In which quadrant does an angle of 260° lie? Is $\cos 260^{\circ}$ positive or negative?

Part V: Reference Angles.

For questions 16 and 17, find the reference angle of each given angle.

16. 145° **17.** 305°

18. Express sin145° as a function of a positive acute angle.

Part VI: Special Angles. Fill in the values of the trigonometric functions for each angle.

19.

θ	0 °	30 °	45 °	60 °	90 °	180°	270°
sinθ							
cosθ							
tanθ							

Part VII: Degrees and Radians.

20. Convert an angle of 210° into radians.

21. Convert an angle of
$$\frac{5\pi}{9}$$
 radians into degrees.